

ANALYTICAL SEMINAR

Electrochemistry Near the Synapse: Fast Scan Cyclic Voltammetry Enables Measurement of Neurotransmitters in Real Time

Seth Horn

Graduate Student
Purdue University



Fast Scan Cyclic Voltammetry (FSCV) is an electrochemical technique that provides high temporal and spatial resolution in the quantitation of various electro-active analytes, among other applications. One analytical challenge that FSCV lends itself towards is the study of neurotransmitter release. Leveraging biocompatible carbon fiber microelectrodes, FSCV offers a unique capability to monitor neurotransmitter release at the scale of single neuron interactions, making it invaluable in studying brain function. This presentation will cover the fundamentals of FSCV, its application towards the detection of dopamine in vivo, and recent strides to improve the sensitivity of this technique, which is ever evolving.



Tuesday, December 3, 2024



3:30 pm



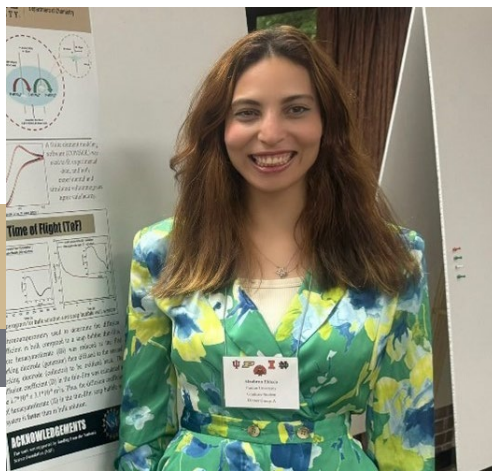
WTHR 172

ANALYTICAL SEMINAR

Machine Learning for Point-Scanning Imaging Systems

Alzahraa Eldeeb

Graduate Student
Purdue University



Development in computational practices has significantly enhanced analytical techniques and their capabilities in biological and material sciences imaging analysis^{1,2}. Recent years have witnessed the development of deep learning and machine learning frameworks to drive innovations in single-molecule localization microscopy³⁻⁵ as a modernized tool for diverse and representative imaging-based super-resolution technique⁶. Furthermore, utilizing machine learning algorithms such as convolutional neural networks (CNNs) and Gaussian mixture models⁷ for enhanced single particle analysis with high image resolution and signal-to-noise ratio^{8,9}. Also, machine learning overcomes limitations of eternal triangle of compromise in resolution, speed, and sensitivity in microscopy. Here, a deeper understanding of spatiotemporal patterns in biological samples for high confidence topographical precision and accuracy for dynamic and super-resolution imaging¹⁰.



Tuesday, December 3, 2024



3:30 pm



WTHR 172

References

1. Rajput, A., Shevkar, G., Pardeshi, K. & Pingale, P. Computational nanoscience and technology. *OpenNano* **12**, 100147 (2023).
2. Liu, Y., Zhao, T., Ju, W. & Shi, S. Materials discovery and design using machine learning. *Journal of Materiomics* **3**, 159–177 (2017).
3. Möckl, L., Roy, A. R. & Moerner, W. E. Deep learning in single-molecule microscopy: fundamentals, caveats, and recent developments [Invited]. *Biomed Opt Express* **11**, 1633–1661 (2020).
4. Kim, T., Moon, S. & Xu, K. Information-rich localization microscopy through machine learning. *Nat Commun* **10**, 1996 (2019).
5. Lelek, M. *et al.* Single-molecule localization microscopy. *Nature Reviews Methods Primers* **1**, 39 (2021).
6. Liu, X., Jiang, Y., Cui, Y., Yuan, J. & Fang, X. Deep learning in single-molecule imaging and analysis recent advances and prospects. *Chem Sci* **13**, (2022).
7. Wu, Z. Q., Ma, Y. P., Liu, H., Huang, C. Z. & Zhou, J. High Confidence Single Particle Analysis with Machine Learning. *Anal Chem* **95**, 15375–15383 (2023).
8. Treder, K. P., Huang, C., Kim, J. S. & Kirkland, A. I. Applications of deep learning in electron microscopy. *Microscopy* **71**, i100–i115 (2022).
9. Speiser, A. *et al.* *Deep Learning Enables Fast and Dense Single-Molecule Localization with High Accuracy.* (2020). doi:10.1101/2020.10.26.355164.
10. Fang, L. *et al.* Deep learning-based point-scanning super-resolution imaging. *Nat Methods* **18**, 406–416 (2021).